#### PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY To: WRITTEN OPINION OF THE see form PCT/ISA/220 INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY (PCT Rule 43bis.1) Date of mailing (day/month/year) see form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) Applicant's or agent's file reference FOR FURTHER ACTION See paragraph 2 below see form.PCT/ISA/220 International filing date (day/month/year) Priority date (day/month/year) International application No. 17.04.2003 01.04.2004 PCT/GB2004/001381 International Patent Classification (IPC) or both national classification and IPC B41M5/00 Applicant **EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY** This opinion contains indications relating to the following items: 1. Box No. 1 Basis of the opinion Box No. II Priority Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability ☐ Box No. III ☐ Box No. IV Lack of unity of invention Reasoned statement under Rule 43bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial Box No. V applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement Certain documents cited ☐ Box No. VI Certain defects in the international application ☐ Box No. VII ☐ Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application 2. **FURTHER ACTION** If a demand for international preliminary examination is made, this opinion will usually be considered to be a written opinion of the International Preliminary Examining Authority ("IPEA"). However, this does not apply where the applicant chooses an Authority other than this one to be the IPEA and the chosen IPEA has notifed the International Bureau under Rule 66.1 bis(b) that written opinions of this International Searching Authority will not be so considered. If this opinion is, as provided above, considered to be a written opinion of the IPEA, the applicant is invited to submit to the IPEA a written reply together, where appropriate, with amendments, before the expiration of three months from the date of mailing of Form PCT/ISA/220 or before the expiration of 22 months from the priority date, whichever expires later. For further options, see Form PCT/ISA/220. For further details, see notes to Form PCT/ISA/220. **Authorized Officer** Name and mailing address of the ISA:



European Patent Office - P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL-2280 HV Rijswijk - Pays Bas

Tel. +31 70 340 - 2040 Tx: 31 651 epo nl

Fax: +31 70 340 - 3016

Bacon, A

Telephone No. +31 70 340-3291



10/553341 10/20 Rec'd FEWFTO 17 OCT 2005

### WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No. PCT/GB2004/001381

_	Box No	o. I Basis of the opinion			
<ol> <li>With regard to the language, this opinion has been established on the basis of the international application in the language in which it was field, unless otherwise indicated under this item.</li> <li>This opinion has been established on the basis of a translation from the original language into the following language, which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)).</li> </ol>					
	a. type of material:				
		a sequence listing			
	Ö	table(s) related to the sequence listing			
	at of material:				
		in written format			
		in computer readable form			
	c. time	of filing/furnishing:			
		contained in the international application as filed.			
		filed together with the international application in computer readable form.			
		furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search.			
3.	ha co	addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table relating thereto as been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional opies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as oppropriate, were furnished.			
4.	Additio	onal comments:			

## WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No. PCT/GB2004/001381

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	Box No. II	Priority						
1.	l:							
	⊠	copy of the earlier a	application	n whose pri	ority has been claimed (Rule 43bis.1 and 66.7(a)).			
translation of the earlier application whose priority has been claimed (Rule 43bis.1 and 66.								
	Conse neverti	quently it has not be neless been establis	der the validity of the priority claim. This opinion has on that the relevant date is the claimed priority date.					
2.	This opinion has been established as if no priority had been claimed due to the fact that the priority claim has been found invalid (Rules 43bis.1 and 64.1). Thus for the purposes of this opinion, the international filing date indicated above is considered to be the relevant date.							
3. Additional observations, if necessary:								
Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 43bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement								
1. Statement								
	Novelty (N)		Yes:	Claims				
	rvoverty (iv)		No:	Claims	1-27			
	Inventive s	ten (IS)	Yes:	Claims				
	W. C. Mario C		No:	Claims	1-27			
	Industrial a	pplicability (IA)	Yes:	Claims	1-27			
		,,	No:	Claims				
2.	Citations a	nd explanations	•					

see separate sheet



# WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

International application No.

PCT/GB2004/001381

#### Re Item V.

1 The following documents are referred to in this communication:

D1: US 2002/149656 A1 (R.S.NOHR ET AL.) 17 October 2002 (2002-10-17)

D2: EP 1 153 757 A (STORA ENSO NORTH AMERICA CORPORATION) 14 November 2001 (2001-11-14)

- The present application does not meet the criteria of Article 33(1) PCT, because the subject-matter of Claims 1-27 is not new in the sense of Article 33(2) PCT:
- 2.1 Document D1 discloses (the references in parenthesis applying to this document) an ink-jet recording element comprising a support having thereon an image-receiving layer, said ink-receptor layer containing colloidal organic or inorganic particles having a charged surface and having associated therewith two polymers having ionised groups thereon (see Figure 2), wherein one of these polymers has ionised groups of opposite charge to that of the surface of the colloidal particles and the other polymer has ionised groups having the same charge as the surface of the collodal particles (see paragraphs 2, 18, 21, 24-26, 43, 44; Table 1); paragraph 18 of document D1 explicitly states that "the nanoparticles are effective in coatings for paper products and textiles" and these coated papers would be suitable for use as ink-jet ink-receptor sheets (cf. Claim 1 of the present case).

In addition, document D1 describes a method of coating a substrate comprising the steps of:

- (a) providing colloidal particles having a charged surface;
- (b) combining the colloidal particles with two polymers having ionised groups (see Figure 2), wherein one of these polymers has ionised groups of opposite charge to that of the surface of the colloidal particles and the other polymer has ionised groups having the same charge as the surface of the colloidal particles to provide a coatable formulation;
  - (c) applying the formulation to the substrate to form a coating thereon, and
  - (d) drying the resulting coating (see the Examples together with paragraphs 2,

18, 21, 24-26, 43, 44; Table 1) (cf. present independent Claim 19).

Document D1 also teaches the use of the colloidal particles as defined in any of Claims 2-7 and the two polymers as defined in any of Claims 8-14 to provide an ink-jet element as defined in Claim 1, providing improved image stability and

drying time (see paragraph 12 in combination with the passages previously mentioned, the Examples, and the Abstract which mentions solving exactly the same problems) (cf. present independent Claim 26).

Document D1 furthermore, at least implicitly, discloses an ink-jet printing method comprising the following steps:

- (a) providing an ink-jet printer that is responsive to digital data signals;
- (b) loading the printer with an ink-jet recording element as previously defined in any one of Claims 1 to 18;
- (c) loading the printer with an ink-jet ink composition; and
- (d) printing on the ink-jet recording element using the ink.jet ink composition in response to the digital data signals (these procedural steps are standard practice in the art of ink-jet printing, see the Examples) (cf. present independent Claim 27).

Document D1 also, either explicitly or implicitly, discloses the subject-matter of the dependent Claims 2 to 18 and 20 to 25, which relate to further embodiments of the subject-matter of independent Claims 1 and 19, respectively (see the passages mentioned above and cited in the International Search Report).

2.2 Document D2 similarly discloses the subject-matter of Claims 1 to 27 (see the passages cited in the International Search Report).

Therefore, the present application does not meet the criteria of Article 33(1) PCT, because the subject-matter of Claims 1-27 is not novel in the sense of Article 33(2) PCT.